Carolina Observer.

VOL. X.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, NOVEMBER 15, 1826. [NO. 493.

PUBLISHED, EVERY WEDNESDAY,
BY EDWARD J. HALE,
At $3 per annum, if paid in advance; $3 50 during the year of subscription; or $4 at the end of the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted for 60 cents per square the first, and 30 cents for each succeeding insertion. Advertisers are requested to state the number of insertions desired, or they will be published, and charged accordingly.
Communications to the Editor must be post paid.

John Lippitt & Co.,
have for sale, for *CASH or PRODUCE:*
Hhds. Muscovado Sugar
Tierces do do
Bags Cuba Coffee
Kegs Cut Nails assorted sizes
Pieces No. 10 cotton Cards
Pieces cotton Bagging
Puncheons N. E. Rum
Do Gin
Do Apple Brandy
Do Malaga Wine.
92tf.

Electrical Machine for sale.
A SIMPLE ELECTRICAL APPARATUS, at a very reduced price.—Apply to
MARTIN MACPHERSON, Sen.
Oct. 1826. 922w.

J. Bradford & Co.,
have received a fresh supply of seasonable GOODS, &c. and expect additions from the New York by almost every arrival.
Have on hand an assortment of *STRAW & LEGHORN HATS, Fur Hats, Cotton Cards, Wine Glasses and Shoes*, which will be sold as low as can be afforded, either at wholesale or retail.
Fayetteville, Nov. 1826. 92tf.

Groceries.
Hhds. good Sugar,
Bags do. Jamaica Coffee,
Bags St. Domingo, do.
Bbls. Apple Brandy,
Boxes Cheese,
Just received and for sale by
R. F. YARBROUGH & Co.
Oct. 25—92tf

Administrator's Notice.
The subscriber having administered on the Estate of the late Clement Tracy, dec., requests all having claims thereon, to present them to him, duly authenticated, and all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment.
Among the articles, belonging to said Estate, at the Lafayette Hotel, on Monday the 6th of November, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, will be for twelve months. Notes negotiable at either of the Banks, with an approved endorser, will be required.

Hhds. Brandy	1 bbl pickled Mackarel
Pipes Wine	100 lbs Cod Fish
Barrels do	½ bbl pickled Shad
Kegs do	30 lbs Almonds
Barrels do	2 boxes Raisins
Quarter do	1 box Mustard
Do	1 Gig and Harness
Barrels Oil	Sundry wearing Apparel
Pipes Vinegar, 30 galls	100 lbs Sugar
Barrels Porter	1 gold Watch
Hhds. Philadelphia do	1 eight day Clock
Do do draft do	10 bbls Potatoes

WM. TRACY.
Oct. 8. 922w

Positively!!
On the 20th day of December—*The drawing of*
THE NORTH & SOUTH CAROLINA
LOTTERY,
for the benefit of the Oxford Academy in N. C., &c.
Will take place in *FAYETTEVILLE*, and the following splendid prizes be distributed.

1 prize of	$12,000 is	$12,000
1	6,000 -	6,000
1	5,000 -	5,000
1	4,000 -	4,000
1	2,500 -	2,500
1	1,340 -	1,340
6	1,000 -	6,000
12	500 -	6,000
156	50 -	7,800
780	10 -	7,800
7800	5 -	39,000
8000 Prizes,		$97,440
8000 Blanks,		
8000 Tickets,		$5 00
Halves,		2 50
Quarters,		1 25

Tickets can be had at the following rates.
Whole Tickets, composed of 10 whole Tickets, $10.
Halves, composed of 10 half Tickets, $16 50.
Quarters, composed of 10 quarter Tickets $8 25.
Persons wishing to avail themselves of the opportunity had better come forward at once, as but a small number of tickets unsold at the last.
Remember 20th of December.
Orders for prizes on demand.
Agency of the Lotteries of Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware, Washington City, North and South Carolina will be received in payment.
Letters, enclosing the cash or prizes as above, for Tickets or Shares, will receive prompt attention if addressed to
YATES & M'INTYRE,
Oct. 25, 1826 Under Lafayette Hotel, Fayetteville.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
RICHMOND COUNTY.—IN EQUITY.
Benj. Powell, Administrator of Benj. Powell, and Elizabeth Powell, *vs.* Thomas Steel, Exr. Squire Robinson, Arthur Robinson and others.
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Charles Robinson, one of the Defendants, is not an inhabitant of this State, it is *Ordered*, That publication be made in the *Carolina Observer* for six weeks, that the said Charles Robinson appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for the county of Richmond, at the Court House in Rockingham, on the 4th Monday in March next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said Bill, otherwise judgment pro confesso will be entered against him.
E. LOVE, *C. M. E.*
Price of adv. $2 10.

BLANKS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
Neatly printed and for sale at this Office.

DRAFTS
ON NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA and CHARLESTON, for sale at all times, in sums to suit purchasers,
By E. L. WINSLOW.
United States Money for sale; Georgia and South Carolina Money wanted.
November 1. 91tf

WHO IS INSURED?
The United States Fire Insurance Company of the City of N. York,
INSURE Buildings, Goods, Wares and Merchandize, Household Furniture, &c. against *LOSS BY FIRE*, on application to the Subscriber, Agent at Fayetteville.
J. BIRDSALL.
November 1. 918t.

ENTERTAINMENT.
BY W. CADE.
THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken that large and convenient House on Liberty Point, formerly occupied as a tavern by Mr. David Sheppard, where he is prepared to accommodate genteel Travellers and Boarders, on reasonable terms and with the utmost regard to their comfort. His large and convenient Stables (well known as the Livery Stables) will be supplied with the best Provender, and attended by careful Ostlers. He solicits the patronage of the public.
Fayetteville, Nov. 1. 91tf.

NEW CHEAP STORE.
CLAYLAND & BOWEN.
ROBERT M. CLAYLAND AND STEPHEN R. BOWEN, having connected themselves in the Mercantile Business, under the firm of *Clayland & Bowen*, beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have just returned from Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, with a beautiful assortment of
Staple and Fancy Goods,
Hardware and Cutlery,
China, Glass, and Queensware,
Fur Hats, &c. &c.
Which has been selected with great care from the latest arrivals, and will be sold low for Cash.
They have taken that well known stand recently occupied by Esek Arnold, Esq. two doors above the Cape Fear Bank, where purchasers will find it their interest to give them a call.
Fayetteville, Oct. 25—90tf

Macauley's Patent Floor Cloths.
ORDERS for this superior and elegant covering for Floors, will be received by the subscribers, at their Store, two doors above the Cape Fear Bank, where samples of the article may be seen. The durability of this Carpeting, its coolness and comfort, in a warm climate, give it a decided advantage over all others.
Carpets can be furnished to Rooms and Entries, at the shortest notice, warranted well seasoned, the colors hard, bright, and durable.
CLAYLAND & BOWEN.
Fayetteville, Oct. 25—90tf

NEW GOODS.
JAMES KYLE
HAS received, by the late arrivals from New York and Philadelphia, a large and full supply of *India, British, French, German, and American*
Fancy & Staple Dry Goods,
The greater part of which have been purchased at auction sales, and therefore at the most reduced prices. Also, a general assortment of
Hardware & Cutlery, Groceries, China, Glass, and Queensware,
Of all kinds and qualities. *Shoes and Boots* of every description. The Subscriber constantly remaining in New York, enables him to offer, at all times, every *new, fashionable, and desirable* article.
Country Merchants are invited to call and examine this splendid and general assortment of GOODS which they will certainly find it to their advantage to do, as all will be sold at a very small advance, as usual, for cash only.
Fayetteville, Oct. 25—90tf

Drug and Medicine Store,
At the sign of the Mortar, Hay Street, Fayetteville, No. Carolina.

R. F. GOODWIN has just received a fresh supply of *DRUGS and MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS*, &c., which he will sell wholesale and retail, cheap for cash or approved credit. Among the articles received, is
Swaim's celebrated PANACEA,
genuine. Thompson's *EYE WATER*, &c. &c.
October 25. 90tf.

ODD & EVEN SYSTEM.
The most splendid Scheme in the United States.
GRAND STATE LOTTERY OF MD.
To be drawn in the city of Baltimore on Wednesday 15th of November next.
Highest Prize, $50,000,
And others of

$30,000	20,000	10,000
6,000	4,000	1,000

10 of $500, 50 of $100, 100 of $50, &c. &c.

Tickets	$10	Quarters	$2 50
Halves	5	Eighths	1 25

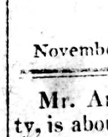
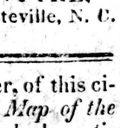
To be had, in the greatest variety of numbers (Odd and Even) at
HATCHER'S
Lottery & Exchange Office,
Oct. 18. Hay St. Fayetteville, N. C.

Notice.
BY virtue of the power in me vested by the last Will and Testament of Mrs. *Eliza Ramsey* decd., will be positively sold, on the premises, on the 17th day of November next. that *Valuable Tract of Land*, on the South side of Deep River, Chatham county, known by the name of
STOKES'S PLACE,
joining the lands of Wm. Boylan, Esq., containing about 640 acres, of which about 200 acres, (River land) is under cultivation, and at present occupied by Mr Matthew Wicker. A credit of one, two, and three years will be given. Bonds with approved security, bearing interest from date, and a mortgage on the property, will be required.
JOHN CRUSOE, *Executor.*
Fayetteville, Aug. 10, 1826—89-5t
☞ The Raleigh Register will publish (tds,) and charge J. C.

Prizes! Prizes!! Prizes!!!
TO BE DRAWN IN FAYETTEVILLE, THE 20th OF DECEMBER, 1826.
North & S. Carolina Lottery,
For the benefit of the Oxford Academy, &c.
Highest Prize, $12,000.
Besides $6,000, 5,000, 4,000, 2,500, 1,340, 500's, 50's, 10's, &c.
Tickets only 5 dolls, shares in proportion, for sale at
Hatcher's Lucky Office,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Orders from any part of the country, enclosing the cash, (postage paid) or prizes in any of the Northern Lotteries, will be thankfully received and promptly attended to, if addressed to
C. HATCHER, *Fayetteville, N. C.*

For Sale, hourly expected,
25 Barrels Loaf and Lump Sugar,
50 bbls Apple Brandy,
50 bbls. Philadelphia Rye Whiskey.
15 hhds. New England Rum.
5 hhds. 4th proof Jamaica Rum, (old.)
96 bags Shot.
500 lbs. mould do.
1000 lbs. bar Lead.
70 lbs Nutmegs.
24 caddies Tea.
IN STORE,
40 bbls. Philadelphia Rye Whiskey.
20 bbls. Apple Brandy.
10 bbls. Cider Royal.
All of which will be sold low for cash or Negotiable Paper, by
Oct. 18—89tf L. FITZHARRIS.

For Sale,
25 Hhds. St. Croix and Porto Rico Sugars
6 do prime green Jamaica Coffee
50 bags Cuba and St. Domingo do
Loaf and lump Sugar
Teneriffe and Malaga Wines
Pepper, Spice and Ginger
150 pieces Cotton Bagging
Bale Rope and Twine
70 kegs cut Nails
Tin Plate, Wagon Boxes and Castings
German and blistered Steel
Swedes Iron, Liverpool and Alum Salt
Cotton Cards, Wine Bottles
Writing and wrapping paper
Indigo, Madder, Logwood, Saltpetre, &c. &c.
By C. T. HAIGH.
October 25. 906t.


Boots and Shoes.

THE subscriber has just received, in addition to his former stock, *Seventy five Packages* of Boots and Shoes, which he offers at wholesale or retail, at reduced prices for cash.
H. G. NELSON.
N. B. Gentlemen's Boots, Shoes and Pumps made to measure, as usual, in the first style, at short notice
October 25. 90tf.

Gun Powder.
ROGERS' ORANGE GUN POWDER of N. YORK.
A constant supply of this superior article, warranted equal to any in the United States, for sale by
J. & S. BIRDSALL,
Oct 17—89-3t *Agents, Fayetteville*

$20 Reward.
RUNAWAY from the Subscriber, about the 12th of September last, a negro man named *PETER*, about 50 years of age, 5 feet, 8 or 9 inches high, tolerably lusty and of a good disposition, speaks the English language rather broken. He was lately purchased in Bladen county, and previously of Mr. Gore of Columbus. Whoever apprehends and secures the above Negro so that I can get him again, shall receive a reward of ten dollars, and if sufficient proof can be given of his having been harbored by any person, the reward of twenty dollars.
NEAL BEARD.
Cumberland County, October 25, 1826. 904t.

DRAWING OF THE
Delaware State Lottery—4th Class.
No. 4, 20, 24, 30,
And were drawn in the order which they stand. Adventurers holding small prizes should come forward at once and renew them in one of the schemes advertised to be drawn next Wednesday.
YATES & McINTYRE,
Fayetteville, N. C.
November 8.

Mr. Anthony Finley, bookseller, of this city, is about to publish an elegant *Map of the World*, which seems to be particularly entitled to patronage. It contains all the recent discoveries; and the actual boundaries, as far as they can be ascertained, of the several principal divisions of the continents. The sheets comprise, besides, a general Statistical Table—a table of the comparative lengths of the principal rivers, and a scale and view of the respective heights of the different mountains. An uncommon degree of beauty and neatness distinguishes the whole execution of the work; which, at the same time, is remarkably cheap, the price being but seven dollars, for what would have cost nearly twice that sum, some years ago.—*Nat. Gaz.*

At a late term of Mercer Circuit Court, in Kentucky, an action for slander, in which Miss Matilda Bohon was Plaintiff, and James Cardwell Defendant, was tried. The jury, after hearing the evidence and arguments of counsel, returned a verdict for the Plaintiff, for *Three Thousand Dollars* in damages.

Henry IV. of France asked the Jesuit Coton, "Would you discover to me the confession of a man who told you he was determined to assassinate me?" "No, I could not," said Coton, "neither in honour nor conscience; but I would prevent his malice by placing myself between him and you."

Polish Nobility.—The Emperor of Russia's last decree on titles ordains, that in Poland no person shall assume the title of Baron unless his income be £25 per annum; of Count, unless he have £75 per annum; and of Prince, unless he can command £120.

Love and Reason.—In affairs of matrimony, some people are governed by *love* alone, and some by *reason* alone. Each ought to have a joint concern in these matters—they are handmaids which go along with the few who are so fortunate as to be among the wise. But as the great mass of the people have to jog on the ordinary road, with a single guide, I will say a word by the way about the comparative value of these very different partners.

Love looks only to the honey-moon. He's a near-sighted little *mink:* doesn't see two inches beyond his nose; and yet depends altogether upon his eye-sight, and thinks he has a wonderful clear vision. He is not able to discover any defects, and therefore most soberly concludes there are none. Consequences all lie utterly beyond his ken—you might as well tell him the moon was made of green cheese, as that matrimony had a dash of trouble in its composition. All this is the natural consequence of his blindness.

Reason is to Love, what a pair of spectacles is to a rear sighted man; it enables the blind little fellow to look beyond the fair cheek and the blue eye—the pretty form and the pretty features of his mistress—beyond the wedding ceremony and the wedding supper—and the thousand things that cluster round the very idea of marriage. He enables the boy, I say, to look beyond all these, to the domestic fire-side—to the kitchen comforts of wedded life—to the larder and the ledger—to the pudding and the purse—to the ways and means of living—as well as to the simple business of loving.

I look at these things in a very sober light—for I have no lot or part in the matter.—But I do not distrust my judgment the more on that account. People more deeply interested are apt to take a one-side view of the case.

"Marry the lass that has the cow," was the advice of an old gentleman to a laddie who consulted him on the subject of a choice between a girl with a cow, and one that had nothing but a pretty face—"so far as beauty is considered, there is not the difference of a cow between any two girls in christendom." This is not my notion, however, though there is something in it. But marry the girl who will manage your domestic concerns to advantage, who is prudent, sensible, economical—get a good disposition—and an accomplished mind with it, will be all the better—and beauty if you find it united with all these, will complete the tout ensemble.

Do not marry for money merely—there is neither love nor reason in that. It may buy many fine things, but it wont buy happiness, and without that man is but a poor creature. Money is no objection—it may be, indeed, an important object—but every other consideration bends to the point of being *matched* as well as *paired*, when Love and Reason join hands.

But I write to young people—and young people do not like long stories. I may say a word more on this matter in the winter—when the sleigh bells bring the subject again to mind. O. OAKWOOD.

Antipathies.—Astrologers who pretend they can explain every thing, although they seldom know any thing, assert that that natural feeling of antipathy which men have for certain persons or things is produced by the stars. Thus, two persons born under the same influences, will have a mutual desire of approaching each other, and will feel a reciprocal regard, without knowing why—in the same manner that others will hate each other, without any motive, because they happen to be born under opposite conjunctions. But will they account for the antipathies which great men have had for things the most common? Many instances which cannot be rationally explained might be mentioned.—Lamothe-Levayer could not endure the sound of any instrument, and yet he experienced the most exquisite pleasure in the noise of thunder.—Cæsar could not hear the crowing of the cock without shuddering.—The Lord Chancellor Bacon fell into a swoon whenever there was an eclipse of the moon.—Mary de Medicis could not endure the sight of a rose, not even in painting, although she was fond of other kinds of flowers. The duke d'Epernon, fainted at the sight of a leveret.—Marshal d'Albret was taken ill at a public dinner on seeing the attendants serve up a young wild boar or sucking pig.—Henry III. could not remain alone in a room where there was a cat.—Uladislaus, king of Poland, was uneasy and fled at the sight of apples.—Scaliger shuddered in every limb on beholding water cresses.—Erasmus could not smell fish without being thrown into a fever.—An Englishman once expired from the impression that was made upon him by the fifty-third chapter of Isaiah.—Cardinal Henry de Cardonna fell into a syncope from the smell of roses.—Ticho-Brache sank down from weakness on meeting a large hare or a fox.—Cardan could not bear eggs;—the poet Ariasto, baths;—the son of Crassus, bread;—Caesar of Lescallas, the sound of cymbals.—The cause of these antipathies is sometimes found in the first sensations of infancy.—A lady, who was a great admirer of paintings and engravings, swooned when she met with pictures in a book. The reason of it she thus explained: while she was very young, her father one day perceived her turning over the books of his library, to seek for pictures in them: he abruptly took them from her, and told her, in a severe tone of voice, that there were in the books, devils, which would strangle her if she dared to touch them. These foolish menaces, which are but too common with parents, always produce injurious effects, which cannot afterwards be destroyed.—Pliny, who was as credulous as he was eloquent, tells us, that there is such an antipathy between the horse and the wolf, that if the former passes where the latter has just been, he feels a numbness in his legs which prevents him from walking.

Authentic Anecdote.—An Irishman applied to the master of a canal boat to work his way down the river—the Captain told him to help the horse tow the boat—after working his way twenty miles, he hailed the Captain to inform him that except for the honor of the thing he might as well walk.

ANTICIPATION or 1856.

[The last number of the Port Folio contains an amusing article under this head. The writer wishes to check what he considers a prevalent and growing evil, in the length of Parliamentary and forensic debates; and by way of satire, exhibits their inordinate tendency, in the following humorous anticipation of public proceedings thirty years hence. If any should feel its application, they will excuse the raillery for the sake of the wit. After some introductory remarks, the writer proceeds—

"Such were my reflections a few evenings since, after reading in the newspapers that a great deliberative body was about to adjourn, after more than five month's debate, without passing a certain important law, and that the alleged reason for thus postponing an act of legislation necessary to thousands, was, that *only* three or four weeks of the session remained, and thus only three or four speeches could be made, instead of a hundred that had been prepared. Struck and mortified with this new symptom of one of the most portentous signs of the times, I pictured to myself, in colors perhaps too sombre, an anticipation of the evils likely to come upon us, and the discredit republican constitutions are likely to sustain from the prevailing propensity. In this state of mind, I fell into a sort of reverie, in which I lost all consciousness of existing things and fancied myself transported to the era of my posterity, the theatre of the next generation. I believed that the year 1856 had arrived, and that a number of the *National Intelligencer* of that year was spread open before me, with all its rich detail of Congressional news and State documents. At first the appearance of the paper struck me as [illegible] since it had discarded the present newspaper shape and assumed that which we now see in a roll of paper hangings, and thus contained about twenty times as much as at present. Its enormous increase of size, however, I soon perceived, was called for by the enlarged dimensions of the speeches and other proceedings of the day. I fell to work upon the contents with the eagerness of a quidnunc, to whom news, thirty years a-head, is vouchsafed; but, as may be supposed from the size of the roll, the undertaking seemed to be of no easy accomplishment. I thought the mere glancing over the contents, as the paper unrolled itself and spread over the floor, occupied me the greater part of an hour. The articles under the editorial head were, of course, the first objects of attention. Some of them struck me as so extraordinary, and made such an impression on my memory, that I am able to give them *verbatim*. I should premise that the paper bore date the 10th of December, 1856.

The President's Message.—On Wednesday last the annual Message from the President to both Houses of Congress was conveyed from the Executive Mansion to the Capitol, in a light covered wagon, under the superintendence of his Excellency's Private Secretary. On arriving at the Capitol, it was carried upon a hand-barrow into the House of Representatives by two of the messengers, where, by means of the new patent machine for opening voluminous documents, it was speedily unrolled. The clerk began the reading of it exactly at noon, and continued it till 10 P. M. when a motion to adjourn prevailed. At 12 o'clock yesterday the reading was resumed, and the House remained in session until 11 P. M. when it adjourned. We understand that the clerk has got nearly half through this interesting document, and a reasonable is belief entertained, that with a little extra exertion, he may be able to finish it on Saturday night. We have been favored with a brief abstract of its contents, from which, as well as from what we heard in the House of Representatives, we are satisfied, that, in ability, wisdom and length, it is at least equal to any of its predecessors. The following is believed to be a correct synopsis of this important State Paper:

After the usual felicitations upon the prosperous state of the country and the increasing strength of the Confederacy, and a just tribute of gratitude to our ancestors, the founders of the Republic, in the course of which the President introduces a sonnet, composed by himself for the occasion, the message proceeds to a detailed survey, first of the Union in general; second, of each State in the Union; and third, of each county in every State, with geographical and statistical tables under each head, showing the number of births, marriages and deaths during the past year, and the occupation, trade, or calling, of every person in the United States. Passing then, by a happy transition, from facts to philosophy, the President favors Congress with a treatise on political economy, shewing the origin, growth, and present theory of that "never to-be-sufficiently-valued" science; with an attempt to reconcile the conflicting systems of its disciples. This point of the message occupies only about one hundred and fifty pages, and is a fair specimen of the author's talent for condensation. Then comes an essay on codification, in which a general view of the theory of laws is prefixed to a copious account of legislation, from that of the decalogue to the present era, interspersed with sketches of the history of man, and biographical notices of the principal codifiers, in all ages of the world, from Moses down to Jeremy Bentham. After this follows a disquisition on the influence of the

son upon the various currents of the earth, showing her effect upon the tides of the ocean, the sap of trees, and the blood of the human frame, causing each to ascend: with some conjectures respecting her influence upon the course of public opinion; concluding with a recommendation to Congress to establish a grand thermometrical observatory, at which the heat of the moon may be measured. The next subject of the message is a speculation on the probability of the continuance of peace between this country and Mexico, followed by a pretty elaborate treatise on the modern art of war, and a comparison of it with the ancient system, together with some practical suggestions on the subject of ship building. This portion of the message is accompanied with eight vols. of documents, containing, among other matters, a translation, by the President, a Cæsar's Commentaries, with notes and plates, the whole executed at the expense of the United States. After which succeeds a sketch of the principal translations of the Bible, with a discussion of the difficult question. Whether the *septuaginta* were actually an assembly of learned men, amounting in number to seventy, or a single individual of that name. The President, we understand, inclines to the latter opinion. The discussion of this branch of the message terminates with the recommendation of a grand national American translation of the Bible, to be executed by a competent number of persons, one to be taken from each State of the Union, and to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.—His Excellency then proceeds to give an account of the commerce of the United States for the last year, with detailed statements of all the articles exported and imported at each port, and their respective prices, and the tonnage of the vessels in which they were carried, together with the names of the officers and seamen of such vessels, their ages and places of birth; and likewise a history of the rise and progress of the funded debt of the United States, together with the names of the holders and the amount each receives quarterly. The remaining subjects of the message are—the circulating medium; an examination of the question, whether the agriculture or manufactures be the most beneficial to a nation; the militia laws; the Greek drama, with observations on the morality of plays in general; recommendations for the establishment of a national dentist in each principal town, and for a bounty on the cultivation of the improved species of lettuce, &c. &c. The whole concluding with a prayer, in twenty-four pages, for the general welfare of the country, and for the particular prosperity of every individual in it.

The preceding is a very hasty outline of the principle features of this valuable message. We have only time to add that it bears throughout the impress of its excellent author's universal philanthropy, microscopic capacity, and panoramic learning.

[After this comes a report of a case of assault and battery, in a Philadelphia court in 1850, which is supposed to occupy six weeks. Then the proceedings of Congress of the 14th of May, 1757, from which we have only room for the following extract:]

The house then proceeded to the order of the day, on the general appropriation bill; the question being on the motion of Gen. Shaupe of Tennessee (which our readers may remember was made on the twentieth of December last, and supported by a speech of two weeks) to strike out the appropriation for lighting a third lamp in front of the President's house, the effect of which, if successful, would be to reduce the number of lamps to two. Mr. Spinner, of Massachusetts, continued his speech against the motion, and among other matters, argued, with his usual vigor and vivacity, that the question was intimately connected with those great national interests the whale fishery and the growth of cotton, and happily alluded to the first emblem of the union of the States presented by that common article, an oil lamp. This was the fourth day of Mr. Spinner's speech, and the fifty seventh day of the debate, the close of which, however, is still at a distance, as we learn that forty-three speeches are yet to be delivered.

The writer then seriously recommends the following course to avert the evil:

Suppose, for instance, that the lawyers were to meet and adopt some such vote as the following:

Whereas the practice of making long speeches in all sorts of cases serves only to prove the corporal strength of the speaker, and has come to signify nothing concerning his mental capacity, but in point of fact operates prejudicially on the interests of the bar by lengthening trials and wearying jurors; therefore,

Resolved, That from and after the first day of January, 1827, whoever shall presume to address the court or jury for a longer period than one hour, on the trial of any cause, shall be considered an enemy to the profession, and shall be struck off the roll of attorneys.

In like manner when an election is approaching, and, as these piping times of party peace, no political theory is to be supported or impugned, I would suggest something like the following for the consideration of town meetings:

Whereas, Martin Monosyllable, esquire, is distinguished for his taciturnity and laudable brevity of his speeches; therefore,

Resolved, That he be recommended to the electors of the ——— Congressional District, as a suitable person to represent them in the next Congress.

Macon, (Geo.) Oct. 31.

Sugar Cane.—A specimen of Sugar Cane, raised in the upper part of this county was brought to this office last week, which far exceeded any thing we had ever supposed, of the perfection to which it could arrive in this part of the State. It contained twenty-four joints, fully ripe, which together measured seven feet. It was raised by Mr. Jas. Holmes, who informed us that he had three fourths of an acre, and that he supposed the whole would average from 20 to 24 joints that had ripened. This cane was not of the common kind, but was what is called 'ribband cane.' It was raised on upland, of but little better than an ordinary quality. We believe this cane considerably exceeds in the number of its ripened joints, that usually raised in the low country, but if the facts be doubted, they can be established by many individuals.—From the success of this experiment, it is evident that the Sugar Cane may be cultivated with success in this vicinity.—*Messenger.*

A woman made a novel application to the Police Office last evening. She said that she had hired a house and paid for it in advance, and being about to move into it, found the foundation giving way under the depredations of the rats, with which the premises were infested. For protection against this new mode of *sap*, she requested the assistance of the magistrates. They, however, had no jurisdiction over her enemies, and she was forced to retire and provide as she could for defence against them.—*N. Y. Amer.*

Of two men, one who had married for beauty, and the other for amiability, would not the former be willing to change wives with the latter in two years?

FOREIGN.

New York, Nov. 7.

The Oreoimbo sailed from Liverpool on the 29th Sept. arrived at this port this morning, but brings no papers later than before received. The only commercial intelligence afforded by her is, that cotton had advanced ¼d., and that about 3000 bags had been sold during the week, partly to the trade, and partly to speculators. Business had improved, and prices had advanced in Manchester.

Translations from French papers.

FROM THE PARIS PAPERS OF 24TH SEPT.

The attack of the frontiers of the Russian empire by the Persians, was an event to which little attention was paid at Odessa. The report circulated for several days, that a division of the second army was to march for the Caucasus. To day we learn in a positive manner that the 20th division of infantry, cantoned until now in the Crimea, is in motion to traverse the strait of Kertch, and directing its march against Georgia, by the time of the Coulban. It is to be replaced in Crimea, by battalions from the neighbouring governments. It is believed that other troops will be sent to reinforce the army of Georgia. This news will certainly not fail to have a due influence on the conferences at Akerman, which still continue. The last letters from Constantinople are to the 26th August, and announce nothing new. The plague continued to rage in that capital; hopes, however, were entertained of an improvement. The port of Odessa remains almost entirely deserted. Never in this season of the year did it present so melancholy an aspect.

—Besides the 45,000 men held ready by Russia to pass the Pruth at a moment's warning, that power has marched an army of 100,000 men to the provinces bordering on Turkey. The Emperor, it is said, complains to the Ottoman Government of outrages committed upon the Greek church.

—They write from Alexandria on the 1st August, that the Viceroy of Egypt has so exhausted his resources, that he has declared to the Porte that it is impossible for him to undertake a third expedition against the Morea. Besides, the Egyptians who have returned from that country, have spread among their countrymen so many grievous reports of the misery which they there saw and suffered, that 4000 men of the army assembled at Cairo, deserted into the interior rather than embark. These deserters have committed various robberies in the country.

The ministry of Prussia have sent orders to all the gymnastic schools to recommence the instruction of gymnastics.

—A great disaster took place at Ostend on the night of the 20th Sept. by an explosion of a magazine of gunpowder. The city was much damaged, and a number of lives lost.

Intelligence was received in London that the king of the Ashantees had recommenced hostilities, and that after having attacked the Achims, most faithfully attached to the English, has been entirely defeated.

The Court of Assizes of Paris is to pronounce on the 6th of October, on a theft committed on the wardrobe of the crown, of four hundred ells of velvet, which was used in 1824, at the funeral of Louis XVIII.

The perruquier Sureau, who, after having killed his mistress, attempted to kill himself, had undergone an interrogation before the judge of instruction. The magistrate exhibited two letters, the first in which he testified to his victim a desire to be reconciled with her; the other, which was found in the chimney, contained the following passage:—"That no person may be accused of the death of my beautiful Henrietta, it was I who inflicted the stabs with a poignard." He recognised the two letters, and avowed the whole.—On being questioned as to his motive for this atrocious act, he said, "it was a jealousy which took possession of my brain." He appeared very much surprised when he was told that he had inflicted seven blows upon his victim, and said in a calm tone, "it seems to me that I struck but three."

Quebec, Sept. 28.

Large seizure of Silks, &c.—Late on Saturday evening last a number of packages were shipped in the Waterloo steam vessel, from a small boat, just as she was leaving the harbor of Montreal. Two passengers came also on board at the time. Some silks were accidentally discovered by a gentleman, a merchant in Quebec, then a passenger on board, stowed away in a birth, and the goods excited suspicion. A person formerly well know there, of the name of Charles Rivers, an importer of fashionable goods who absconded two or three years ago, was subsequently observed on board of the boat, to whom these goods it was found belonged, and Capt. Franchere taking alarm lest the Waterloo might be seized, insisted upon landing him at Three Rivers. Information was conveyed to Mr. Kerr, the waiter and searcher there, and the goods were all seized. Their value is estimated at £2000. A person of the name of Waldron, an American, we are informed was also concerned in the affair, and was on board of the Waterloo. Rivers, it is said has returned to the States.

There are at least a dozen advertising match-makers in Paris; and every day in the year we find, in the *petites affiches*, advertisements of maids and widows with fr m £500 to 50,000 fortune. The most celebrated of these match-Makers is a M. Villiaume a man decidedly born with the organ of conjunction, wherever it may be; and he has proved that great wit to madness is nearly allied: the providing for so many damsels turned his brain, and poor Villiaume was sent to Charenton (bedlam); but his ruling passion was strong in madness; and one of his projects on arriving there was to marry all the lunatics to each other. His plan was never to make ill-assorted matches. He, therefore, carefully inquired of each crazy inmate what was his rank in society and the state of his fortunes; and he was delighted to find that he was in the very cream of society. There was a couple of emperors, five kings, princes, dukes, marquises, counts, barons, and generals in abundance. They all possessed splendid fortunes. Villiaume entered every item in a book, and each signed the document that concerned him, *nem. con.* and in another book they signed an engagement to Villiaume to pay him a handsome percentage on the fortunes of the ladies they might marry. In the mean time, he found means to get a message sent to the female ward requesting the ladies to state their ranks, ages, fortunes, &c. Answers came from them all in the same style as that of the men; and Villiaume anticipated a golden harvest, in the firm persuasion that all the accounts furnished were accurate and unquestionable. Unfortunately, a few ice pootches on M. Villiaume's head dissipated the splendid dream, and he found the surest negotiations would be at his old establishment in the Rue Neuve St. Eustache.

Domestic.

From Professor Olmsted's Report on the Geology of the State.

THE PILOT AND SAWPATOWN MOUNTAINS, CONCLUDED.

After fasting for a week on the native luxuries of the Pilot, we next passed a few miles eastward to the Sawpatown mountains, which we ascended at the highest point of elevation, called Moore's Mountain. This eminence, though higher than the Pilot, is less difficult and perilous in the ascent, though sufficiently laborious. The view which its summit presents, is similar to the other; and if the outline of the Blue Ridge loses a little of its grandeur by a small increase of distance, the loss is more than compensated by the Pilot itself, which stamps on the landscape a most beautiful feature. The scenery that adorns the sides of Moore's Mountain, is also of a highly interesting character. On the ascent, we are conducted to a cascade which, though small, is eminently pleasing to the eye, presenting suddenly to the visitor, in a clinsh between perpendicular rocks, sixty-five feet in height, a narrow sheet of silvery foam, falling first down a precipice 30 feet, and then rolling down an inclined plain with peculiar grace and beauty. This water-fall is so hidden among inaccessible rocks, as to be known to very few persons, and remained without a name. But our party, learning that Mr. Schweinitz, the celebrated botanist, had recently penetrated to this spot, in pursuing his favorite objects among the mountains, and had expressed a high admiration of its romantic scenery, we agreed with one consent, to designate it afterwards by the name of *Schweinitz Falls.*

On our return, we visited a celebrated grotto called the *Tory House.* The access to it on all sides is precipitous and difficult. Hence it was selected during the Revolutionary war, by a number of tories, forming a party of marauders, who, like Scottish Highlanders of former times, sallied forth now and then upon the neighboring lowlands, and plundered the inhabitants. In this secluded spot, we discovered an arched entrance, through which we passed, and found ourselves in a vaulted cavern of very regular structure, fifteen feet high, fifty feet long and twenty feet wide in the centre, but converging towards the further end. The arch is throughout remarkably well turned; hardly a knob or angular point appears to impair the smoothness of the surface. The rocks consist of angular pieces of quartz, so wedged as to fit each other with great precision, and of white micaceous rocks nicely paved by the hand of nature to the same level.

We returned from our excursions with a full conviction, that if the summit of the Sawpatown mountains, had inspired us with emotions less sublime than that of the Pilot, yet it was only because we had there taken the first view of the landscape.

For measuring the elevation of Moore's Mountain, a good station is obtained on the banks of Dan river, which flows at its base. From such an observation, Messrs. Caldwell and Andrews ascertained the height of this mountain to be 1888 feet, and consequently 282 feet greater than the highest point of the Pilot.

From different persons who had attended us in our rambles over these mountains, we had heard frequent mention of the PINNACLES OF DAN—remarkable eminences, where the head waters of the Roanoke find their way through the Blue Ridge. Every one who has visited this spot, described its scenery in terms that made us impatient to see it; and though it is within the limits of Virginia, and therefore aside from the route which we had prescribed to ourselves, yet our curiosity was too much awakened to permit us to rest, and we set off for this region of wonders. A day's ride from Moore's mountain, brought us to the base of the Blue Ridge, and having provided ourselves with guides, we set off early in the morning for the Pinnacles of the Dan, and reached the top of the ridge long before the sun (which shone gloriously on the conical mountains, that form an interesting series a little eastward of the main ridge,) had removed the veil of light from the profound vallies which lay at our feet. I cannot, without wandering too far from the principal objects of this Report, attempt a description of the feelings with which we traversed this region of the clouds, where "Great Nature dwells in awful solitude." The ridge is so well defined in some places, that we, were at one time, within a stone's throw of the waters that empty into the Mississippi on the one side, and those that empty in the Atlantic on the other. Of the former are the head waters of the New River, and of the latter are the remotest fountains of the Yadkin and the Roanoke. The Pinnacle of the Dan are sharp conical peaks, rising twelve or fifteen hundred feet above the bed of Dan River, and converging so nearly to a point, that one standing on the vertex may almost reach round the mountain with his cane. There are several of these sharp peaks which together constitute the pinnacles. The mica slate rocks at their base project their perpendicular shafts (called by the inhabitants *saw-teeth,*) into the stream, first on one side and then on the other, forcing it into a zigzag course down the declivity, and maintaining an obstinate and angry conflict with its waters.

A DISH FOR THE HUNGRY.

From the National Intelligencer.

Large Potatoes.—A potatoe, of the long red kind, weighing three pounds and twelve ounces, was raised in Woodbury, Conn. the present season, by Mr. Benj. Andrews. A radish measuring 28 inches in circumference, was raised in a garden in this town.

We have often thought of preparing a dish of remarkable potatoes, wonderful apples, ambitious pumpkins, Napoleon squashes, and Julius Cæsar beets, with which to regale our readers. It is but proper that our city readers should know what the pumpkins, &c. have been doing in the country last summer. The Jackson men have issued new papers, but no journal has yet been started to record the glories of squashes. After a potatoe and a radish, comes a thundering beet.

A Turnip Beet, which was raised by Mr. Wm. Mansfield, near New Haven, and may now be seen at his store in Fleet street, measures two feet and one inch round—weight 16 pounds and 15 ounces.

There's for you! But the editor ought to have given us a description of the many housewives, old maids, &c. who flocked to the store and held up their hands in wonder. Well, what next?

An apple.—A gentleman of this city (New Haven) informs us that he has in his possession, an apple weighing 26½ ounces, and measuring 16 inches in circumference; it is nearly globular.

This apple would make a pie for a whole family, cook mild and all, but as New Haven is a place of learning, and the apple globular, perhaps they may pickle it, make it a globe, and study geometry on its surface. "To what strange uses, &c." But this is not all. Here is a new way of telling an old story.

Mr. Burton There seems to be so much interest taken in giving statements of large apples, prolific pumpkins, &c. that I have the liberty to mention a large potatoe raised by Mr. Benjamin Andrews, of Woodbury, Conn. It is of the Merino kind, and weigh 3 pounds and 12 ounces.

This is the same potatoe with which we began our dish. It is cooked over again, called a Merino, and sent to another editor as a communication. In a short time our worthy country friends will have the Eclipse turnips, Sir Henry potatoes, Merino beets, &c. &c. There is nothing like a good classification. Well, let us go on.

Rival Pumpkins.—As you have taken the pains to mention two extraordinary productions lately in your paper, I should be pleased to have you notice a curiosity lately observed in Hamden, Conn. A pumpkin vine it seems had become discontented with its proper sphere, and had climbed up the side of a barn to the ridge, which might be 30 feet, where it suspended nine yellow pumpkins; it will probably take its flight in about two weeks for Thanksgiving.

Rather still. A vine climbing up to heaven on the side of a barn, and the pumkin taking a flight to Thanksgiving as Noah's dove did from the Ark, are truly new and highly poetical ideas. This article was taken also from a New Haven paper, and the story must have come through the brains of some of the Connecticut poets or pedlars. But Connecticut must not have all the glory. Make way for Virginia.

Mammoth Cymlin.—A cymlin (or squash) was raised by Mr. Taylor Foulkes of this county, weighing 88 pounds and measuring 6 feet in circumference. It grew on a plant patch, and is of the winter species. It is now exhibiting at this place. Halifax, C. H. (Va.) Oct. 15.

There's the "old dominion" for you; if they cannot give the nation more Presidents, they intend to try their luck in squashes. But think ye the noble Virginians would call it by the vulgar name of squash? By no means. A *cymlin* they call it for the sake of the sound. Well, after travelling over the different States to give our readers one good substantial dish, we ought to serve them up with something from our good State of New York. So here it comes from Westchester in our neighborhood.

Extraordinary Exuberance.—We are informed that Mr. John Titus, of Somers, has raised in his garden this season, from a single pumpkin seed, fifty pumpkins, weighing one thousand pounds, on a vine measuring 1,650 feet! Let the annals of Pumpkin growth in our country outstretch this fact if they can: and, in the mean time, we add the standing toast of Uncle Ichabod—"Old Westchester forever!"

And so be it, "Old Westchester forever!" In our lively, active State, there is not a doubt but we have squashes, and apples, and turnips, and beets, &c. &c. to rival or outstrip all our sisters. Only observe, moreover, how the Westchester editor issues his "extraordinary" to the world. It is quite in the style of New York. He announces a pumpkin as we would a Macready or a Kean, an opening of a Bull's Head, or a baptizing of a Havre packet. Farewell.

Washington, Nov. 9.

The Richmond Enquirer has recently suggested that there is a rumor that the Revenue of the United States will fall short, the present year, by one or two millions, of the amount anticipated for it in the official reports from the Treasury Department and Committees of Congress; and our attention is called to the report, with a request, from the Editors of the Enquirer, that we will ascertain its correctness. We have not had an opportunity to do this, and, as we are so soon to have the official *Expose* of the state of the Nation, including its finances, we have thought it would hardly be necessary to make special enquiry, even if that enquiry would certainly be successful. Without making the investigation, as we have ourselves heard the [illegible] report, and as it appears to us to have probability [illegible] it, we believe the rumor will [illegible] true.

The effect of such reduction would be of no great [illegible] in the present condition of [illegible] million or two more or less [illegible] the Treasury is of little [illegible] such a case, the People will [illegible] so much less in the shape of [illegible] money will remain in their [illegible] of being taken out of its [illegible] United States will have so [illegible] the surplus revenue in its [illegible] count and issue upon, and will [illegible] be the only loser by the falling [illegible]

The presentments of grand [illegible] of the southern and western [illegible] ten given us occasion to smile [illegible] lar and incongruous objects [illegible] are at times directed. The [illegible] cited in the subjoined paragraph [illegible] National Gazette, is not one of [illegible] nious exercises of judicial [illegible] With us grand juries are used [illegible] cially changed to present duelli[illegible] ishment—in Williamson county [illegible] see, it appears, they are presen[illegible] motion.—*N. Y. Amer.*

The Grand Jurors of the Co[illegible] liamson, in Tennessee, have ma[illegible] ment, in which they state that [illegible] thing in the recent duel between [illegible] Houston and General White, [illegible] public confidence in the former [illegible] therefore recommended him as a [illegible] to be the next Governor of that [illegible]

A Duke, who shall be nameless, [illegible] high rank is honored by his talents [illegible] ities, was reading the other day [illegible] of the Coronation of his present [illegible] which was prescribed in the [illegible] august ceremony." "August," [illegible] said His Royal Highness to the [illegible] "that's a mistake, a very silly [illegible] what could have made the man [illegible] *August* ceremony? It took place [illegible] very silly, very silly!" *Il faut.*

This is from John Bull, and is [illegible] the Duke of Gloucester. The [illegible] ually called by his present [illegible] Billy."

LOVE—BEFORE AND AFTER [illegible]

Chaucer has a droll smile at [illegible] the character of the lover and [illegible]

Whilom he loved her—but who [illegible]
By holy church, he could not [illegible]
Like unto dog which lyeth on a [illegible]
His tail he waggeth, glad that [illegible]
But this same bone, if to his [illegible]
Parde! the cur in fear doth fly.

PRICES CURRENT

Corrected weekly, by a Committee of [illegible]

MERCHANDISE.

Beef, Fresh in Market,	
Brandy, Cognac	
Apple	
Peach	
Bacon	
Beeswax	
Butter	
Bagging	
Coffee, Prime Green	
2d & 3d qual.	
Candles, Mould	
Spermaceti,	
Cotton	
Corn	
Coppers	
Flax	
Flaxseed, Rough	
Flour, Superfine	
Fine	
Fish, Herrings	
Mackerel	
Mullet	
Feathers	
Gin, Holland	
Country	
Ginger	
Glass, Amer. 8 by 10	
10 by 12	
Hides, Buenos Ayres,	
West India,	
Iron	
Indigo, Bengal	
Flotant	
Lime	
Lard	
Leather, Skirting	
Sole	
Bridle	
Lead, Bar	
Logwood	
Molasses	
Nails, Cut, assorted	
Wrought	
Shingles	
Oats,	
Oil, Currier's	
Linseed	
Pork	
Pepper	
Pimento	
Plaster, Paris	
Powder, Dupont's	
Others	
Paints, White Lead	
Spanish Brown	
Yellow Ochre	
Rum, Jamaica	
Wind. Island	
New England	
Rice	
Rags	
Shot	
Sugar, Mus. Prime	
Common	
Loaf	
Salt, Liverpool	
Turks Island, St. Ubes, &c.	
Salts, Epsom	
Glauber	
Steel, American	
E. Blistered	
German	
Salt-petre	
Tallow	
Tea, Imp. and Gunp.	
Hyson	
Tobacco, Leaf (nom.)	
Manufactured	
Tin, ¼ x	
Verdigris	
Wheat	
Whiskey	
Wines, Madeira, L. P.	
Sicily Madeira	
Teneriffe	
Port	
Malaga	

SERVER.

AYETTEVILLE:

AY AFTERNOON, NOV. 15, 1826.

Term of the Superior Court of ter for this County, commenced Monday, Judge *Norwood* pre- feel pleasure in stating that as no important criminal cases ably come before it—except a removed from the county of

Strange, Esq. has been ap- and Master in Equity for this John Hogg, Esq. deceased.

Court of the U. States for the North Carolina commenced its the City of Raleigh on Monday Chief Justice *Marshall* & Judge Grand Jury met and there ap- ness before them, were imme- ged. The libel suit of *Whita- & others*, was fixed for tri-

membered that the time of General Assembly of this state an act of last session, from in November (next Monday) day in December, (the 25th.)

s of the Legislature of Geor ed and organized themselves on th instant. Mr. *Stocks* was e- t of the Senate, and Mr. *Hud-* speaker of the House. The sage had not been received.

ng oath is administered to each Legislature of Georgia on tak- We should like to see it adopt- . It would promote the hap- l order of society, and add to ty of the Legislature. Decent onger be ashamed to become popular favor.

nnly swear or affirm (as the case e not obtained my election by bri- sing, or other undue or unlawful of others, by my desire or ap- purpose; that I consider myself fice as a Senator or Representa- all questions and measures which e, I will give my vote, and con- , in my judgment, appear most erest and prosperity of this state; rtain and allegiance to the same, to my power and ability, observe, ct, and defend the Constitution

e are happy to learn from the that a favorable change of completely restored its wont- town.

en introduced into the Legis- ure, now in session, to abolish ate debt: we should be happy to of its passage.

that several vessels of war anded by Com. Porter on a s neighborhood of Cuba.

as been unanimously re- to Congress from the State of for six years from the 3d of

m a gentleman in Wilmington, ated in New York, dated October

his measures are becoming daily his state. I presume, from his in- that he will have a majority of over any other candidate at Election."

ing many, that the means of essed by this writer must be

—We have received the of- the number of votes taken in the recent election of a Re- Congress, and find that Gen- obtained a majority of *twenty* his opponent James Mebane,

ature we learn, that the Post- has concluded to establish an- een this city and Newbern; have two stages per week on are authorised by Mr. Dil- ector, to state, for the infor- public, that the second Stage running between the 1st and ember.—*Nat. Star.*

of the Chesapeake Canal.— n the Company for cutting ge to the statements, in dis- prejudicial to its prospects, Philadelphia American Daily ve it is within his own knowl- oard are amply provided with ete the work, and that they ay every proper demand that ust them. He also states that ever progressing better than moment; that the force now the short of 2000 men, and it ain the whole work will be the next twelve months.

Nat. Int.

al Intelligencer of the 1st in- the sketch of a Constitution for the Bolivian Republic, which is said to have been prepared by the Liberator himself. We were somewhat surprised, on reading it, to perceive, that Bolivar notwithstanding the practical proofs which the United States present, of the excellency of their form of government, has shown himself opposed to the Federal System, and to the Elective Rights of the People.—*Paez*, who lately endeavored to excite rebellion in the Republic, is in favor of a System, which would give to the several provinces or departments, local elective governments of their own, after the manner of our state governments, with a general government, to have jurisdiction only of matters of national concerns. Under the projected Constitution, the national government is to be the centre of all authority, and is to have the appointment of all Intendants, Governors, Judges, and other local officers. The Legislative body is divided into three branches, the Tribunes, Senators and Censors—a part of the duty of the latter branch is to regulate the press. If the proposed Constitution made no greater infraction upon the privileges of the people than is contained in the above analysis of it, it might be tolerated. But the President of the Republic is to *hold his office for life*—is *irresponsible*, like the British King, for the acts of his administration, and in him also is vested the right *in effect*, of appointing his successor. If these propositions savor not of the monarchical, rather than the republican principles, we know not the meaning of the terms.—*Ral. Reg.*

Prompt Pay.—There is a gentleman in this City, says the Boston Courier, who regularly asks for his bill a few days before the expiration of each quarter of the year, and as regularly pays it. This is highly creditable to the patron of the Courier alluded to; but our Subscription Book furnishes a still stronger instance of punctuality. When the Register was established in this place, in 1799, a gentleman residing in Chatham County, became a subscriber to it, and during the long period which has elapsed down to the present time, he has never been indebted to us for a longer term of subscription than *six months*!—having always paid up at the expiration of that time. What a difference it would make in the income of a Newspaper, if its patrons were all as punctual as these gentlemen!—*Ib.*

Charleston, November 10.

Havana.—A letter from this place, dated 30th ult. states, that a great panic had been excited there, a few days previous, by a report that Commodore Porter had appeared off the South side of the Island, with a Mexican fleet of eleven sail, threatening a descent. Two regiments of troops marched from Havana the same night, in that direction, and two frigates and two brigs were getting ready for sea, with all possible expedition. At the date of the letter, however, the alarm had in some degree abated.

We learn from a paragraph in the Baltimore Patriot, that Mr. Sergeant is about to sail in the Hornet for the Congress of Tacubaya, and that Mr. Poinsett is to be associated with him in the Mission. In the meanwhile we should wish to *enquire* of either of the Government Journals at Washington, what truth there is in the several articles, which the Washington Telegraph has put forth in relation to Mr. Monroe.—Is it true that an application was made to Mr. Monroe to accompany Mr. Sergeant? *when* was it made? *how* was it made? by letter? or by Messrs. Barbour and Southard personally, or in both modes? How came the attempt to enlist Mr. Monroe on the side of the Mission and the Administration to fail?—Was it, because Mr. M. was unwilling to go abroad? to leave his retirement? or because he disapproves of the Mission?—We should be indebted to either of the Editors at Washington, who are admitted behind the scenes, and to witness the playing of the internal machinery, for such information as they may not deem it improper to lay open to the profane eyes of the common people. Or must we wait for the prying eyes of the members of Congress to penetrate the particulars.—*Rich. Enq.*

There is no longer any doubt as to the result of the recent elections in the state of Ohio. In every district, except two, the administration candidates have succeeded.

N. Y. American.

Three hundred jurymen have been summoned to attend the next session of the Court of Over and Terminer, to be held on the third Monday of the present month. The trials of the persons indicted for conspiracy, therefore, are most probably to be at that time resumed.

N. Y. American.

The last number of Blackwood's Magazine, received in this country, contains a strange rumor, that Washington Irving is in a fair way of marrying Her Highness the Archduchess of Parma, the quondom wife of Napoleon! It is considered to be an idle if not a malignant fabrication.

An island, called Grose island, near the Chambly basin, about sixteen miles from St. Johns, has been purchased by the British Government for the purpose of erecting fortifications and barracks on it.

Another Steam-boat Accident.—A few days since the steaam-boats Pioneer and Niagara ran foul of each other on Lake Erie. Both boats sustained considerable injury, but the Pioneer the most serious. It is stated that a lady, who was a passenger on board the latter boat, had a limb broken, and a gentleman his hand severely crushed.

The fourteenth anniversary of the Vermont Bible Society, was held at Montpelier on the 18th ult. An able and interesting report was read, which was followed by several addresses. The balance in the Treasury, after deducting expenses, is $1,315 36, at the disposal of the directors.

The trial of the persons who destroyed the printing office of the Colonial Advocate, at York, Upper Canada, in June last, came on on the 18th October, at the York assizes, before Chief Justice Campbell, and a special jury. After a trial of considerable length, the jury gave a verdict for the plaintiff of £625 ($2500) damages—sufficient, we should suppose, to replace the apparatus, and remunerate the proprietor for the loss of his time since the outrage.

Statement of the amount of land acquired from the Indians, by the United States, down to the year 1814, exclusive of the extensive purchases made by the Government under the various treaties with the Creeks and Cherokees, for the States of Georgia, Tennessee, North Carolina, and South Carolina:

	Acres.
In Ohio, - -	24,854.888
In Indiana, - -	16,243,685
In Illinois. - -	29,384,744
In Louisiana, - -	2,492,000
In Alabama, - -	19,586,560
In Mississippi, - -	12,475,231
In Missouri, - -	36,169,383
In Michigan Territory,	17,561,470
In Arkansas Ter'y, & West,	55,451,904
Making an aggregate of	214,219,865

MESSRS. GALES & SEATON: Your remarks, together with your statement of the aggregate number of acres of land acquired by "Indian treaties," &c. in yesterday's Intelligencer, are correct so far as they go, and give due credit to the War Department for the value of the work; but you have said nothing of the indefatigable labors of the compiler. It is but justice to state, that the entire labor of computation was entrusted by the late Secretary of War Mr. Calhoun to Mr. Samuel S. Hamilton, of the Indian Department, and under his sole direction was the work prepared, passed through the press, and presented in its able form to the public. HONESTUS.

Nov. 8, 1826.

The Grand Jurors of the County of Williamson, in Tennessee, have made a presentment, in which they state that there is nothing in the recent duel between Gen. Houston and Gen. White, to impair the public confidence in the former, and they therefore recommend him as a fit person to be the next Governor of that State.

To the Editor of the Baltimore Patriot,

SIR: As the season for WET FEET and their attendant consequences is approaching, you are desired to publish the following recipe for rendering boots and shoes water proof, for the public good:

Take Gum Elastic, commonly called *Indian Rubber*, cut it into fine shreds, and put about one ounce of it into a half pint of Seneka oil, or petroleum. Let the mixture stand about a week, at the end of which time the gum will be dissolved, and a thick elastic varnish formed, which may be applied to the boots or shoes with a brush, and will be absorbed by the leather—the varnish to be applied once a day till the leather is saturated, when the shoes will be perfectly water proof, and rendered soft and easy to the feet. If, in the preparation of leather, this varnish was used instead of common tanner's oil, the object would be more perfectly attained. Seneka oil is produced in our country in great abundance, and costs little, if any, more than tanner's oil, and the gum elastic is very cheap. I made the discovery, that gum elastic may be dissolved in Seneka oil, about a year since, and now publish it *pro bono publico*.

GIDEON B. SMITH.

FOR THE OBSERVER.

Mr. Hale: The following brief account of a Revival of Religion in this town, is at your service; should you think proper to give it a place in the *Observer*, you will gratify a reader by so doing: C.

Revival of Religion.—During a Four Day's Meeting of the Methodists in this place, which commenced on the 26th ult., a greater religious excitement was observed than has been witnessed in this town for many years, if ever before. Not less than fifty persons have been added to this branch of the church, most of whom profess to have experienced a change of heart. Meetings continued night after night until past midnight, and the work, with little or no abatement, continues to progress.

During the sitting of the Presbyterian Synod which immediately followed, the meetings for prayer and preaching were attended by large congregations and with unusual solemnity. I understand considerable accessions of members have been made in this church also.

The Converts are principally young men and women—a remark which generally follows the accounts of Revivals recently received from different parts of the continent, and which speaks loudly to the aged, who are yet halting between two opinions.

Fayetteville, Nov. 11, 1826.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

ARRIVED,

Schr. Washington, Plummer, Rum Key.
Brig Mary, Soal, Baltimore.
Brig Shibboleth, Congdon, Providence.
Schr. James & Caroline, Crocker, Darien.
Only Daughter, Hicks, New York.
Brig President Manning, Grafton, New York.
Fanny, Batson, Nassau, N. P.

CLEARED,

Schr. Franklin, Cruthers, New York.
Hope Hammond, Cuba.
Leo, Dean, New York.
Brig Mary, Andros, Barbadoes.
Schr. W. P. Ferrand, Childs, Guadaloupe.
Sloop James Monroe, Baker, New York.
Schr. Rover, Morris, Boston.

MARRIED,

In Halifax county, on the 6th inst. Mr. Gabriel W. Holmes, of Sampson county, to Miss Lucy Drew, of Halifax.

In Raleigh, on Thursday Evening last, by Peter Browne, Esq. George E. Badger, Esq. to Miss Mary Polk, oldest daughter of Col. Wm. Polk.

For Sale,

THAT valuable TRACT of LAND, lying in the county of Sampson, on the waters of the Six Runs, and known as the Cutlar Lands. It will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, and upon very accommodating terms.

FREDERICK J. CUTLAR.

Fayetteville, November 13. 93tf

Cheese, Segars &c.

30 Casks prime Goshen Cheese
100 boxes American Segars
2 qr. casks sweet Wine,

Landing this day, and for sale very low for Cash.

WILLIAMS & FENN.

Fayetteville 14th Nov. 1826. 93tw.

Negroes for Sale.

A MAN and his WIFE, with one Child, accustomed to house service, and can be highly recommended, are offered for sale upon accommodating terms, for cash or approved paper. Enquire at this Office.

November 14. 93tw.

Just Received,

20 Hhds N. E. Rum
4 do 4th proof Jamaica do (old)
50 bbls Apple Brandy
25 do loaf and lump Sugar
10 qr casks Wine
10 bbls Cider Royal
4 tons Sweedes Iron, assorted
2000 lbs English blister Steel
8 ps. 42 inch Bagging
96 bags Shot
300 lbs mould do
1000 lbs bar Lead
70 do Nutmegs
24 Caddies Tea
1 bale Kerseys
2 do Ticking (Indigoes)
2 do 7-8 bro. Shirting
1 do 4-4 bleached do
1 do 7-8 do do
3 do 4-4 bro. do

A general assortment of Dry and Fancy GOODS, GLASS, CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE, &c. &c.

For sale by L. FITZHARRIS.

November 11. 93tw.

Drawing This Day.

THE GRAND STATE LOTTERY OF MARYLAND will be drawn this day, at the City of Baltimore, when some one or more of the following Splendid Prizes will be distributed to those who may place themselves in Fortune's way.

1 of $50,000	1 of 6,000
1 of 30,000	1 of 4,000
1 of 20,000	10 of 1,000
1 of 10,000	10 of 5000

Besides 50 of $100's, 50's, 20's, 12's, &c. amounting in all to

308,000 Dollars.

A few shares of tickets remains unsold at HATCHER'S *Lucky Office*, where speedy application should be made.

Whole Tickets	$10	Quarters,	$2 50
Halves	5	Eighths	1 25

Orders from the country will, as usual, meet with prompt attention, if addressed to

C. Hatcher,

Fayetteville, N. C.

November 15.

DRAWING OF THE

Washington Canal Lottery, 3d Class.

The following numbers were drawn out of the 60 deposited in the wheel, in the order in which they stand—

47—1—43—44—36—5—55—6.

Persons holding small prizes should come forward at once and renew them, as they never will have such another opportunity to enrich themselves at so little risk.

Yates & McIntyre,
Managers—Fayetteville, N. C.

November 15.

MANAGER'S OFFICE,

FAYETTEVILLE & RALEIGH

New York State Literature Lottery,

Class No. 6, for 1826.—To be drawn at New York, on the 29th November, 1826.

SCHEME.

1 prize of $5,000, of which $5,000 will be payable in the Albany lots and land, or in money, at the option of the Managers.

			50 000 Dolls.
1 Prize of	20,000 Dolls.	is	20,000
1	10 000		10,000
1	7,000		7.000
1	6 000		6,000
1	4,000		4.000
1	3,000		3,000
1	2,920		2,920
2	2,000		2,000
10	1,000		10,000
10	500		5,000
26	200		5,200
104	100		10,400
104	50		5,200
1248	20		24,960
10658	10		106.080
12,120 Prizes, 22,100 Blanks,			$273,760

TICKETS	$10	QUARTERS	$2 50
HALVES	5	EIGHTHS	1 25

Virginia Lottery,

For the benefit of the Dismal Swamp Canal Company—4th Class. To be drawn at Richmond, December 6th, 1826.

SCHEME.

1 Prize	of	$20,000 is	20,000
1 Prize	of	10,000 is	10,000
1 Prize	of	6,000 is	6,000
1 Prize	of	5,000 is	5,000
1 Prize	of	4,000 is	4,000
1 Prize	of	2,910 is	2,910
12 Prizes	of	1,000 is	12,000
18 Prizes	of	500 is	9,000
24 Prizes	of	200 is	4,800
186 Prizes	of	50 is	9,300
186 Prizes	of	20 is	3,720
1,488 Prizes	of	10 is	14,880
13,950 Prizes	of	5 is	69,750
15,870 Prizes, 25,970 Blanks.			$171,360

Tickets $5—*Halves* $2 50—*Quarters* $1 25.

The above splendid Schemes are offered to the public, and it is hoped they will meet with the same encouragement that former ones have; and there can be no doubt but a large portion (*as formerly*) of the Capitals will be distributed from this Office.

☞ Orders, *enclosing the Cash or Prizes* (*post paid*) for tickets, or the smallest share, will meet with prompt attention, if addressed to

YATES & McINTYRE,
FAYETTEVILLE & RALEIGH, N. C.

Nov. 15.

P. J. Tillinghast,

AGENT for the TRADERS INSURANCE COMPANY, New York, offers to insure Buildings and Goods therein contained, against hazards of fire. Also, Goods conveyed through inland Navigation. Persons desirous to effect such Insurance and requiring particular information, will please make application to said Agent.

Drawing.

IN consequence of the drawings of the *New York Literature* and the *North and South Carolina Lotteries* having been inadvertently announced to take place on the same day, we are under the necessity of postponing the North and South Carolina drawing for a few days only. The avidity with the citizens have purchased, and the time now appointed for drawing not interfering with any other Lottery, we have the pleasure of informing the public that it will positively take place at *FAYETTEVILLE* on Wednesday the 20th December next.

YATES & McINTYRE, *Managers.*

Nov. 9, 1826.

TWO LOTTERIES TO BE DRAWN

This Day.

PRIZES AMOUNTING TO NEAR

☞ 445.000 Dollars, ☜

Will be distributed on this day from the following Schemes.

ODD & EVEN SYSTEM!!!

Grand State Lottery, No. 8,

TO BE DRAWN IN BALTIMORE, (MD.)

☞ 50,000 Dollars,		☞ 4,000 Dollars,	
30,000 Dollars,		10 of	1,000 Dollars,
20,000 Dollars,		10 of	500 Dollars,
10,000 Dollars,		50 of	100 Dollars,
6,000 Dollars,			

Besides a number of $50 20, 12, &c.

Whole Tickets,	$10	Quarters,	$2 50
Halves,	5	Eighths,	1 25

Union Canal Lottery, of Penn.

Twenty-fifth Class.—To be drawn in Philadelphia

☞ 20,000		☞ 1,020	
10,000		10 of	1,000
4,000		20 of	500
2,000		20 of	200
1,500		52 of	100

Besides a number of $50, 10, &c.

Tickets $5—*Halves*, $2 50—*Quarters*, $1 25.

The drawing of the above Lotteries will be received on Tuesday morning next. Persons disposed to adventure a *trifle* can be supplied until Saturday evening next, with a lucky Ticket or Share that will yield one hundred fold.

Apply at once, as delays are dangerous.

Yates & McIntyre,

Under Lafayette Hotel, Fayetteville, N. C.

Nov. 15.

The U. S. Review & Literary Gazette

No. II.—NOVEMBER, 1826

Published by Bowles & Dearborn, Boston, and G. & C. Carvill, New York.

CONTENTS.

Reviews.—Sketch of the United States, by a Russian; Dr. Parson's Introductory Lecture on Anatomy and Physiology; Frances Berrain; or, the Mexican Patriot; Mrs. Opie's Illustrations of Lying; Reed's Observations on the Growth of the Mind; Story's Discourse before the Phi Beta Kappa Society; Carter's Address at the Consecration of "Plymouth Lodge."

Miscellany.—Letter from M. Dupin on the Napoleon Code; Popular Lectures; Letter from an American at Gottingen.

Original Poetry.—The Damsel of Peru; The Seaman's Burial; Be Humble.

Critical Notices.—Intelligence.—New Publications.

The U. S. Review & Literary Gazette is published every month. Each number contains 80 pages 8vo. making two volumes a year of 480 pages each. The annual subscription price is *five dollars*, and becomes due on the first day of January.

Mr. H. G. Nelson

IS appointed my Attorney, (during my absence,) with full power to receive money and grant discharges for the same; also, transact any business for me on my account. E. E. LEWIS.

June 14 71tf.

ODD AND EVEN SYSTEM.

Grand State Lottery of Virginia,

SECOND CLASS.

The holder of two Tickets or Shares must get One Prize and may draw three! The whole to be drawn IN ONE DAY, and will take place

On the 21st of November.

HIGHEST PRIZE,

Ten Thousand Dollars.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of	10,000 Dolls.	is	10,000 Dolls.
1 - - -	5,000 - - -		5,000
4 - - -	1,000 - - -		4,000
20 - - -	100 - - -		2,000
40 - - -	50 - - -		2,000
200 - - -	10 - - -		2,000
200 - - -	5 - - -		1,000
10000 - - -	3 - - -		30,000
10,466 Prizes - - - - - -			56,000 Dollars.

Not one Blank to a Prize.

§§§ All Prizes payable in Cash, which can be had as usual at COHEN'S OFFICES, *the moment they are drawn.*

PRESENT PRICE OF TICKETS.

Tickets -	$4	Quarters -	$1 00
Halves -	2	Eighths -	50

To be had in the greatest variety of Numbers (Odd and Even,) at

COHEN'S

Lottery and Exchange Offices,

☞ Where more Capital Prizes have been obtained than at any other offices in America.

ORDERS from any part of the United States, either by mail (post paid) or private conveyance, enclosing the Cash or Prize Tickets in any of the Lotteries, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application. Address to

J. I. COHEN, Jr. & BROTHERS.

COHEN'S *'Gazette and Lottery Register,'* will be published immediately after the drawing, and will contain the Official List of the Prizes—it will be forwarded gratis, to all who purchase their Tickets at *Cohen's Office*, and who signify their wish to receive it. [*October* 25. 90tf.

Register of Debates.

In the press, and will be published before the next Meeting of Congress,

GALES & SEATON'S

Register of Debates in Congress.

VOL. II.

This volume will contain—

1. A full report of the principal Debates and Incidents of the Session of Congress which has just closed, chronologically arranged.

2. An Appendix, containing a complete List of the Members of the two Houses, with the President's Message to Congress, and other leading State Papers.

3. A complete Copy of the whole body of the Laws passed during the Session.

4. A copious Index to all the matters contained in the volume.

GALES & SEATON.

POETRY.

The following beautiful Song is from the Novel entitled "FELIX ALVAREZ."

To not the bell of death for me,
When I am dead:
Stew not the flow'ry wreath o'er me,
On my cold bed.
Let friendship's sacred tear
On my fresh grave appear,
Gemming with pearls my bier—
When I am dead.

No dazzling proud array
Of pageantry display,
My fate to spread;
Let not the busy crowd be near,
When I am dead;

Fanning with unfelt sighs my bier,
Sighs quickly sped.
Deep let the impression rest
On some fond female breast;
Then were my memory blest
When I am dead.

Let not the day be writ;
Love will remember it,
Untold—unsaid.

The world has many wiles,
Go, taste her pleasures, go—
Many have gone in rosy smiles
Who soon returned in woe—
There's treachery—there's treachery—
There's treachery—there's treachery—
In pleasure's bowl that sparkles bright,
As sun-rays in the evening sky,
O'er storm clouds throw a golden light.

Go, go, at fashion's call—
Where fortune's trappings shine—
And twine the festive coronal,
The wreathe of pleasure twine—
But when the world deceives,
And sadness clouds thy brow,
Come rest thee, on the heart that grieves,
To think of parting now.

Cheap Leather and Shoe Store.

AT THE SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT AND SHOE
(MARKET SQUARE.)

THE Subscriber offers for sale an extensive assortment of Boots & Shoes, newly purchased, and comprising every description.

Also,

Sides Sole Leather.
" Wax'd Upper Leather.
" Grain do. do.
Lining Skins, Binding Skins, & Shoe Thread.

All of which will be sold, Wholesale & Retail, low for cash only.

WM L. HAWLEY.

N. B. Having engaged the service of a first rate Workman, I keep always on hand Boots & Shoes of town manufacture, which are warranted.

W. L. H.

Returns of Militia Captains.

BLANK Forms of the Annual Return of Captains of the N. Carolina Militia, for sale at this Office, where all the Blanks used by Merchants, Clerks of the Superior and County Courts, Sheriffs, and Constables, are kept constantly on hand, or will be printed on the shortest notice. All descriptions of Job and Book Printing neatly executed. *Oct.* 9.

Trust Sale.

IN pursuance of a Deed of Trust executed by Richard C. Bunting to James McQueen and Jacob Rhodes, for the purposes therein mentioned, the Subscribers will proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, in the town of Lumberton, on *Wednesday the 20th day of December next*, the following property, viz: One *NEGRO BOY*, aged about 20 years, one *NEGRO GIRL*, about 18 years of age. Stock; consisting of *Horses, Cattle, and Hogs*,—together with a great variety of other property. A credit of six months will be given to purchasers, and of them Notes with good and undoubted security will be required.

DONALD McQUEEN,
ARCH'D McQUEEN,
RICH'D C. RHODES.

Robeson county, Oct. 11, 1826—89 tds

Notice.

THE Subscriber respectfully requests all those indebted to him in any shape, to make immediate payment. The great indulgence heretofore extended, with other circumstances, makes it necessary to have recourse to legal steps, indiscriminately, against those neglecting to comply with this notice.

Mr. A. Campbell is authorized to collect and grant discharges on account of H. CAMPBELL.

September 27, 1826. 86ti.

Notice.

THE Subscriber expects to receive on consignment, about the middle of June next, a parcel of first rate Cotton Gins, which he is authorized to warrant equal, if not superior, to any in North or South Carolina, which will be sold on very reasonable terms.

JOHN MURCHISON, Jun.

Fayetteville, May 2—65 tf

Insurance against Fire.

HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW-YORK,

INSURES Houses and other buildings, and property contained in them, against loss and damage by fire; also, merchandise and other property against the hazards of inland navigation.

Capital 300,000 Dollars.

Insurance made on application to
C. T. HAIGH,
Agent of the Company, Fayetteville.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
COLUMBIA, S. CAROLINA.

DR. THOMAS BRIGGS respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken his large brick building (recently occupied by A. G. Nagel.) Having the means, he is determined to furnish his house in a manner calculated to invite the attention of all lovers of good living and good order. The traveller as well as constant boarder will here meet with every comfort which a spacious and elegant building and the Charleston and Columbia markets can afford; and all the attention which politeness can dictate or the spirit of accommodation call for.

Columbia, S. C. Sept. 25, 1826. 8710w.

Fayetteville Academy.

THE Fourth Quarter of the Fayetteville Academy will commence on the 1st October, under the direction of the Rev. Mr HOLLISTER, Principal, assisted by Mr. GAY in the Male, and Mrs. HOLLISTER in the Female Department. *Sept.* 27

Patent Cooking Stove for Sale.

A *COOKING STOVE*, with Copper Boilers and apparatus complete, in the use of which there is great convenience and economy of fuel. Warranted complete. Apply to

MARTIN MAC PHERSON, Sen.

COTTON SAW GINS.

JUST received, a few of the improved Iron and Steel Plate COTTON SAW GINS, which are offered for sale cheap for cash or on a short credit, at the Auction Store of

HENRY W. AYER.

Fayetteville, Sept. 4—83tf

A TANNER and CURRIER wanted.

H. G. NELSON.

October 4. 87tf.

For Sale,

THAT valuable TRACT of LAND, lying in the county of Sampson, on the waters of the Six Runs, and known as the Cutlar Lands. It will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, and upon very accommodating terms. If not previously disposed of, it will be offered at Public Auction, at the court house in Clinton, on the Tuesday of Sampson County Court next. FREDERICK J. CUTLAR.

Fayetteville, October 3. 87tf.

CHEAP GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now receiving from N. York, at his Store, Green Street, a general assortment of Staple and Fancy *GOODS*, of the latest importations, which he offers for sale at extremely reduced prices; among which are, viz.:

CLOTHS & Cassimeres, extra super, blue black, brown green and olive, fine and common assorted,
Double milled drab Great Coating,
Ditto do Lion Skin ditto
Satinetts, blue, mixed and drab,
Cassinetts and Denmark Satteens,
Bang-up Cord; plain, olive and tabby Velvet,
Vestings, silk, velvet, Merseilles, swansdown and fancy, some very superior,
Flannels, red, white, green and yellow,
Ladies' blue and scarlet Pelisse Cloths,
Baize, green and Bocking,
Bombazetts, plain and figured, black, brown, purple, crimson and orange colour,
Bombazines, French and English,
Ditto 5-4 French super black and drab
Circassians, Nankeens and coloured stripe Drillings,
Muslins, Mull Mull, Book and Jaconet plain & figur'd
Cambrics and Cambric Dimities,
Calicoes assorted, new patterns,
Ditto, Furniture ditto,
Fancy coloured Crape Dresses,
Shawls and fancy Handkerchiefs, assorted,
Silks, plain and figured,
Fashionable shaded, plain & figured Gros de Naples,
——— Cote-palais, plain, striped and figured,
Fancy Hdkfs and Ribbons to suit,
White, green and pink crape Lisse,
Grecian striped Ginghams,
Hoziery; silk, cotton and worsted Hose and half do.
Domestic Goods, various kinds,
Russia Ducks and Sheetings,
Blankets and Negro Cloths,
Hats, coarse and fine for men and youths,
A general assortment of Hardware, viz. Anvils, Vices, carriage and bed Wrenches, table and pocket Knives, Iron, Steel, and Nails assorted, Castings, Pots, Ovens (and odd tops to sell) Kettles, &c.

An assortment of SHOES,

Men's, Boys', Ladies', Miss's and Children's Boots and Bootees,
Miss's Leghorn Hats and youth's fancy Caps.

GROCERIES,

Teas, Sugars, old Rum, Cognac Brandy, Gin and Whiskey, Porter, Cider, Teneriffe and Madeira Wines, old Port in bottles, fresh Lemon Syrup, &c. &c.

H. CAMPBELL.

Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 13, 1826. 84tf.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF
NORTH-CAROLINA.

Lottery

To encourage the publication of THE HISTORY OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

Drawing to commence on the 4th Monday of November next.

HIGHEST PRIZE
$20,000 DOLLARS.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of	20,000 Dollars; is	$20,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	5,000	5,000
1	2,000	2,000
2	1,500	3,000
8	1,000	8,000
10	500	5,000
20	200	4,000
40	100	4,000
50	50	2,500
450	20	9,000
1,050	10	10,500
7,366	5	36,830

9,000 Prizes, 23,886 Tickets 119,430
14,886 Blanks, at 5 Dollars, is 119,430

☞ *Not two Blanks to a Prize.*

500 Tickets to be drawn in a day—to be completed in 18 day's drawing All numbers to be placed in one wheel, and the Prizes in another.

Stationary Prizes as follows:

THE LAST DRAWN TICKET ON THE

First day, will be entitled to a Prize of	$200
Second day,	500
Third day,	600
Fourth day,	500
Fifth day,	500
Sixth day,	500
Seventh day,	500
Eighth day,	500
Ninth day,	1,000
Tenth day,	1,000
Eleventh day,	1,000
Twelfth day,	1,000
Thirteenth day,	1,000
Fourteenth day,	1,000
Fifteenth day,	1,500
Sixteenth day,	5,000
Seventeenth day	10,000
Eighteenth day	20,000

The rest of the prizes floating in the wheel from the commencement, amounting to

73,730 DOLLARS.

Prizes payable at the Agency of the Bank of Cape Fear, in Hillsborough, N. C., thirty days after the completion of the drawing, subject to a discount of fifteen per cent. All prizes not demanded within twelve months from the completion of the drawing, will be considered as forfeited to the uses of the Lottery

J. WEBB, *Commissioner.*

Hillsborough, April 1826

The attention of the North-Carolina public is respectfully invited to the foregoing scheme. The laudable purpose contemplated will, it is hoped, secure to it the aid of those who are friendly to the interest of literature and science, and the name alone of the gentleman who has consented to act as Commissioner in the management of the Lottery, is a sufficient pledge of the fairness with which it will be conducted A. D. MURPHEY.

Tickets in this Lottery, are for sale at the Post-Office, Fayetteville 69.4w.

BLANKS OF ALL KINDS,

The Copartnership

BETWEEN the subscribers, under the firm of *J. F. & John Lippitt*, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 15th instant.

J. FRANCIS LIPPITT,
JOHN LIPPITT.

September 22, 1826. 86tf.

THE Subscribers will continue the GROCERY BUSINESS, under the firm of *John Lippitt & Co.*

JEREMIAH LIPPITT,
JOHN LIPPITT.

September 22, 1826. 86tf.

Gales's North Carolina ALMANAC, For 1827,

JUST published and for sale, wholesale or retail, By CHAS. STUART.

Price 10 cents each, 75 cents a dozen, 4 dollars for half a groce, 7 dollars a groce, 25 dollars for five hundred, or 40 dollars for a thousand.

October 4. 87tf.

10 Bbls. Canal Flour,
10 Bbls. Loaf Sugar,
2 Casks London Porter,
8 Hhds. Brown Sugar,
For sale by JOHN HUSKE.

June 7. 70tf.

Fayetteville Academy.

THE Examination of the Students of this Institution will take place on the 22d inst., and the exercises recommence on the 10th July.

The Committee of Superintendance have the satisfaction to state, that the prospects of this Institution are as flattering at this time as they have been at any former period. The Rev. Mr. Hollister, a gentleman who bears the highest testimonials, both of his education and experience, has been engaged as the Principal of this Academy; he will take charge of the Classical Department, as well as exercise a general controul over the institution. He will be assisted by Mr. Gay, with whose excellent qualifications the Committee have had an opportunity of becoming acquainted, together with such other Tutors in the English Department, as may be found neceseary. The Female Department will be under the direction of Mrs. Hollister, and will no doubt, be found to be one of the best Schools for young Ladies in the Southern States.

The advantage of having an Institution of this kind, where the manners are to be formed as well as the intellect improved, under the influence and example of a respectable and well regulated community, the uniform healthiness of this town, for several years past, and the peculiarly comfortable apartments, erected at considerable expense for the accommodation of the School, with the cheapness of tuition and board, altogether, warrant the Committee in recommending the Institution to the notice of the public, particularly to those of the low country. The central situation of Fayetteville, and the facilities furnished by the mails, affording opportunities of correspondence, almost every day in the year, with all parts of the country, is a consideration which will not be lightly esteemed by parents who may be under the necessity of sending their children abroad for their education. Boarding can be had in many of the respectable families in town, at a moderate price.

It may be well, likewise to state, that the conduct of youth sent to this Institution, particularly those from abroad, will be carefully observed, as well out of the School as within it, and a proper degree of attention will be paid to their habits, manners and morals, as well as their scholastic education

JOHN MACRAE,
Secretary of the School Committee.

Fayetteville, 12th June, 1826.

MANSION HOTEL,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE Subscriber returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the liberal support he has heretofore received, and, in soliciting a continuance of those favors, assures them that every exertion will be used, and due attention bestowed, in order to the comfort and pleasure of Travellers and Boarders. His Rooms are numerous, being new, clean, and large, are well adapted for comfort and health, opening upon a garden which presents a fine prospect; superadded are the comforts of ease and retirement, which may be enjoyed in spacious Parlours by Travelling Families. This situation, being on one of the most elevated streets, is healthy; attended with the advantage and convenience arising from the important and extensive business transacted on that street, which will make it the interest of Country Merchants and Planters to call It is constantly supplied by means of aqueducts, with pure water, issuing from one of the best fountains in the State.

His BAR will be constantly supplied with the best and choicest of

LIQUORS.

His TABLE with the best the country and market affords; his Stables shall be attended by faithful steady, and honest Ostlers. Other advantages are attendant upon this Establishment, rarely to be excelled in any other Public House in this State.

DILLON JORDAN.

Fayetteville, Feb. 1826.—55—tf.

☞ The above Hotel has been selected by the Proprietors, as a regular Stage House, for all the Stages that arrive at and depart from this place. Rooms and Refreshments, are therefore, kept always in readiness for Stage Passengers.

The Books for the Norfolk Stage line are kept at this Hotel.

DELAY NOT!

But as soon as possible, secure chances in the
Virginia State Lottery,
AT
Watcher's
LUCKY LOTTERY OFFICE,
So as to obtain some one, or more of the numerous Prizes in that *BRILLIANT SCHEME*—such as

20,000 Dollars,

$10,000, $6,000, $5,000, $4,000,
1 of $2,910; 12 of $1,000, 18 of 500,

And many hundreds of others. Price of Tickets only $5, and shares in proportion.

☞ The ticket which drew the One-Fourth of the $20,000 Prize in the last class of the above Lottery, was sold by *HATCHER*, at the Norfolk Office, to a Gentleman in Portsmouth Virginia, and the *Cash* promptly paid on presentation.

August 2.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber, some months since, negro TOBY, *alias* JOHN. He is about twenty-seven years of age, about five feet eight inches high, fleshy and muscular, one of his legs much bent in at the joint. It is supposed that he is harboured some where between my house and the University, or perhaps has made his way to Fayetteville. The above reward will be paid on his being lodged in any jail in the State, so that I get him again, or on his delivery at my house.

I will also pay $40 to any person who will give me information so that I may be enabled to convict any white man or woman of harbouring him.

EDWARD JONES.

Rock Rest, Chatham County, 2 40tf

Horne's Introduction

TO the critical study and knowledge of the Holy Scriptures. One copy of this celebrated work may be had at this Office, at the subscription price, if early application be made.

Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, &c.

10 hhds. prime Sugar,
15 ditto Molasses,
20 bags prime green Coffee,
25 do. St. Domingo ditto,
80 ps cotton Bagging,
1500 bushels Liverpool Salt,
1500 ditto Alum ditto,
6 tons Iron, assorted,
Sheet and hoop do.
Castings, Steel, Nails,
Dupont's Powder, Shot and Lead,
Loaf and lump Sugar,
Gunpowder and Hyson Tea,
Pepper, Ginger and Pimento,
Spanish Indigo, Copperas and Madder,

Together with a small assortment of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c, now on hand and for sale by R. F. YARBROUGH & CO.

August 22. 81tf

Lafayette Hotel.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE public are respectfully informed, that in consequence of the recent death of Mr. Clement Tracy, the subscriber, who has been employed in the management of the Lafayette Hotel, has assumed the superintendence of it.

This new and spacious building (which has been purposely erected at great expense, for a Hotel) is now in complete order for the reception and accommodation of

TRAVELLERS & BOARDERS.

Besides the advantage of a number of Rooms with *single Beds, Fire places and Bells*, the Hotel contains several *handsome Drawing Rooms and Apartments*, particularly suited for the private accommodation of *TRAVELLING FAMILIES*. Boarders with or without lodging can be accommodated.

THE FURNITURE and BEDDING

are of the best quality and entirely new, and each Bed is supplied with a Moscheto Net. BATHING ROOMS are attached to the House, supplied with water from the Haymount Aqueduct. The BAR is richly supplied with a variety of the *choicest Liquors*, recently selected for it in the Northern Cities, by an experienced judge. LARGE STABLES are conveniently placed in the rear.

The Subscriber is determined to conduct the House in the most genteel manner; and no efforts shall be spared to render it every way worthy of a continuation of the patronage it has received.

WM. TRACY.

October 25. 90tf.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber informs his customers and the public, that he has just received a *splendid supply* of *DRY GOODS*, which he is prepared to sell by wholesale and retail at very reduced prices for cash only. Merchants from the country will certainly find it to their advantage to call and examine for themselves. His stock consists in part of the following, viz.

EXTRA superlative black and blue Cloths
Super. do do do
Medium and common black, blue, olive, claret, drab and mixed do
Blue, black, drab and scarlet Cassimeres
Blue, black and mixed Sattinets
Fearnots, Plains and Paddings
Tartan cloak Plaids and blue Camlets
Green bocking Baize and green Flannel
Caroline Plaids and ditto ombre Stripes
Super black Bombazines
Rich black, blue, brown, crimson and drab figured Bombazetts
Black, plain and twilled do.
4-4 printed Rattinets
11-4, 10-4, 9-4, 8-4 and 7-4 Rose Blankets
4 and 3 point do. and Duffel do.
Cashmere Shawls and Points, a variety
White and red Flannels
Scots and domestic Carpeting
Superb Merino square and long Shawls
Cashmere Hdkfs., various colours
Super and low priced black worsted Hose
Men's lambswool Hose and half do
Nett Frocks and woollen Gloves
Extra rich Toilinet, Swansdown and Merseilles vesting
Super and common 6-4 Cambrics
Satin stripe, white and colored do
Extra super 5-4 and 3-4 Cambric Dimity
Do 6-4 plain and figured Jaconets
Super 6-4 book and mull Muslins
Super rich and low priced figured Swiss Muslins
Plain Swiss and tambored book do
Rich Swiss and French wrought Points
Swiss Capes and Tippets
Victory white Robes
Super Sea Island and low priced Shirtings
4-4 & 3-4 brown Shirtings and Sheetings
4-4 Imitation Plaids and 4-4 Apron Checks
Washington and linen Bedticks
Fancy cambric Prints, a great variety
4-4 & 3-4 Furniture Chintz
SILKS.—Black Nankin and colored Crape Robes
Plain black Gros de Naps and Taffetas
Rich black figured Gros de Naps and Levantines
Black Sattins and Sarsenets
Super ombre Gros de Naps, all colors and shades
White, green, mazarine blue, sky blue and straw colored Florences
Rich Simile's, various shades and colors
Black and green French Crape
Black Gauzes, a variety
Black and colored silk Vestings
Black and white silk Hose
Rich printed long Shawls and Shades
Silk and Zelia Hdkfs., all colors
White gauze Veils and crape Leice
Gauze Robes, all colors
Silk Umbrellas and Parasols
Black Barcelona and Bandanna Hdkfs.
Rich feather edge, wove and embossed Ribbons, a variety
Taffeta Ribbons, all colors
Watch and Belt do
Black and assorted sewing Silk
Wide and narrow bobinet Lace and Lace Veils
Thread Laces and thread Cambrics
Long Lawns and thread cambric Hdkfs.
4-4 Irish Linens
7-4 & 9-4 table Diaper
10-4 Irish Sheetings
Hessians and brown Toweling
Brown Holland, colored Cambrics and Buckram
White and printed Bed Spreads
Chintz Shawls and Hdkfs.
Black tabby velvet and velvet Ribbons
Black Ostrich Feathers
Leghorn and straw Bonnets
Bandboxes, Wreaths and Flowers
Men's and women's Cloaks
Ladies' Prunel and Morocco Shoes
Do Leather Shoes and Pumps
Long white kid and silk Gloves
White and black horse skin do.
Beaver and colored kid do
Men's fashionable Hats
Nett and Webb Suspenders
Transparent and Windsor Soap
Phosphorus Pocket Lights
Clark's spool and floss Cotton
Imitation tuck and front Combs
Black, and white brown patent Thread
Bonnet Bows, &c. &c.

JOHN McARN.

90tf

WILKINGS &

Offer for sale, at their Auction
50 Hhds. Molasses
10 do. prime Jamaica Sugar
15 do. Porto Rico and Muscovado
15 Hhds. N. E. Rum
5 Puncheons Jamaica Rum
30 Bags St. Domingo and Cuba
10 do Spice
60 Ps. Cotton Bagging
20 Bbls. Northern Gin
30 do Apple Brandy
23 do good brown Sugar
10 do loaf and lump Sugar
10 qr. casks Malaga Wine
20 crates Crockery, assorted
18 cases of Decanters and Tumblers
50 boxes 8×10 Window Glass
20 do 10×12 do
9 do assorted Cotton Cards

November 1. 91tf

Deep River Lands and
AT AUCTION.

THE subscriber intending to remove to the State, will offer at Public Auction on the 12th of December next, the Plantation he resides, generally known by the name of containing about 1455 acres; part of which is rate land for the cultivation of Cotton, Corn, &c. The improvements on said land are the best in this section of the State—the dwelling a large two story Dwelling House, with a kitchen with three rooms and three fire places, a Store House, Warehouse, Smith's Shop, Barn, Stables, Negro Houses, and other houses, together with a valuable Grist Mill, which for materials, workmanship and can bear competition with the best Saw Mill, also new, a Miller's House, with three fire places, and a very productive Orchard. The property lies on the south side of Deep River, in the counties of Chatham and Moore, one mile from Salem to Fayetteville, and within two miles of the latter place. The Grist Mill is in a situation as it always has, and must continue to command more extensive custom than any other Mill in the State, and the annual value for rent (exclusive of the Saw Mill and Ferry) is from $800 to $1000. This is one of the best Stores in this part of the country, and has been sold here than at any other one in my knowledge.

Also, about 980 acres of LAND on the north side of Deep River, Chatham, what is termed the Gulf, and adjoining George Wilcox. On this there is a Dwelling House, with 3 fire places, and Warehouse and other conveniences. Orchard, &c.; on this land about one the river is a Stone Coal Mine, best quality and quantity mechanical marks on this mine may be seen by fessor Olmsted's pamphlet on the State. This Farm is adapted to the ton, Corn, Wheat, &c: an excellent or the transaction of any public sion of either or both of these at any time immediately upon the credit of one, two and three years purchaser can be accommodated Corn, Fodder, Hay, Farming and Hogs. Apply to JOEL TYSON'S, *Deep River, Moore Co. N.*

October, 1826

Virginia Lott

For the benefit of the Dismal Swamp
drawn on *WEDNESDAY*, the

HIGHEST PRIZE,
20,000 Dolls

SCHEME.

1 Prize	.... of	
1 Prize	.... of	
1 Prize	.... of	
1 Prize	.... of	
1 Prize	.... of	
1 Prize	.... of	
12 Prizes	.... of	
18 Prizes	.... of	
24 Prizes	.... of	
186 Prizes	.... of	
186 Prizes	.... of	
1488 Prizes	.... of	
13950 Prizes	.... of	

15870 PRIZES,

Price of Tickets $5, and halves in proportion, to be had or application

HATCHER'S LUCK
FAYETTE

☞ Orders from the Country attended to.

DRAWS 21st OF NOV

Grand State Lottery of
ODD AND EVES STY

The whole to be drawn in one day
of Two Tickets must get one prize
THREE.

HIGHEST PRIZE

TEN THOUSAND D

SCHEME.

1 Prize	.... of	
1 Prize	.... of	
4 Prizes	.... of	
20 Prizes	.... of	
40 Prizes	.... of	
200 Prizes	.... of	
10,000 Prizes	.... of	

10,466 Prizes, amounting to

Not one Blank to a Prize.

All prizes payable in Cash

Four Dollars, Shares in proportion

Watcher's
LUCKY

☞ Orders from any part of the Union (enclosing the cash or prize tickets in any of the Lotteries [postage paid] will meet with attention, if addressed to

November 1.

Captain's Executions for sale

Notice.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between John A. Cameron and James Cameron & Co. the firm and title of Cameron & Co. is this day dissolved, and all the effects of said late firm, solved, and all the affairs of said late firm, have been conveyed in trust to the subscriber, for the purposes therein expressed—

This is to give notice, to all persons indebted to the said late firm, to come forward as soon as possible and settle their respective balances to either of the undersigned, who alone are authorised to receive the same, and give receipts for the same.

WM. C. DOWD,
JOHN A. CAMERON.

Agents and Attorneys for the said late firm.

15th March, 1826. 6tf